Offline Aerosol Mass Spectrometry (AMS) Technique for Chemical Characterization of Filter Samples

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The 4th International SPARTAN Meeting

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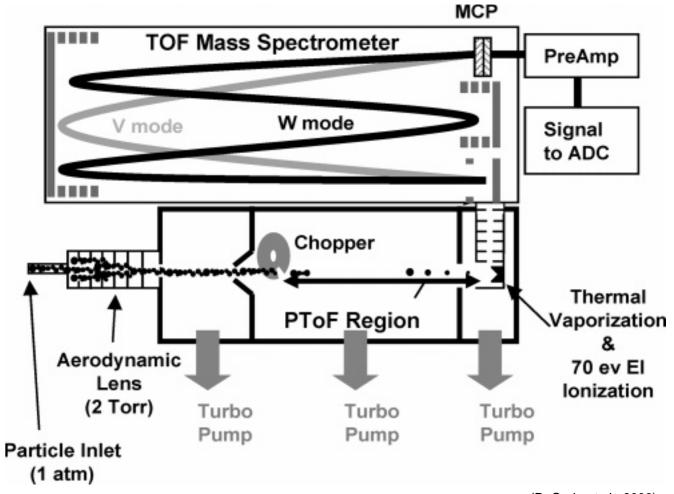




Global Particulate Matter Network

High-Resolution Time-of-Flight AMS (HR-ToF-AMS)

Promising Development

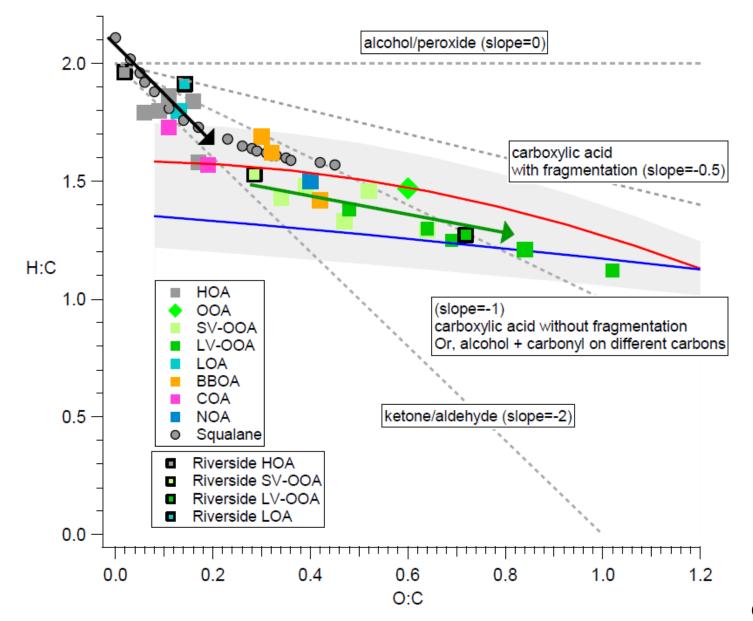




(DeCarlo et al., 2006)

HR-AMS Provides Elemental Composition of Organics



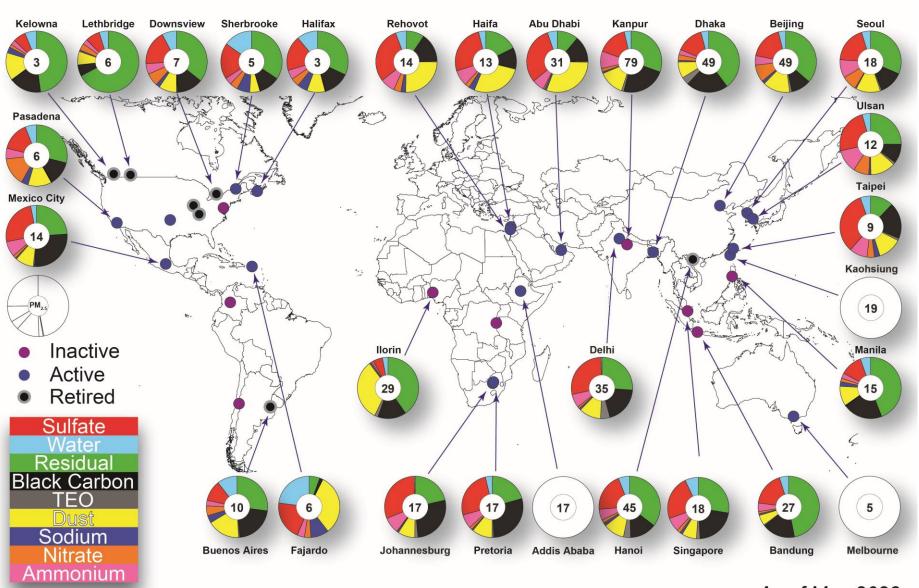


(Ng et al., 2011)

Chemical Composition of SPARTAN Network Filter Samples







(Provided by Christopher Oxford) As of May 2023

Offline AMS Technique for Chemical Analysis

• Literature:

Sun et al. 2010 and Sun et al. 2011 first used this technique Daellenbach et al. 2016 first used the term "offline AMS" in the title of research O'Brien et al. 2019 analyzed samples at mg level

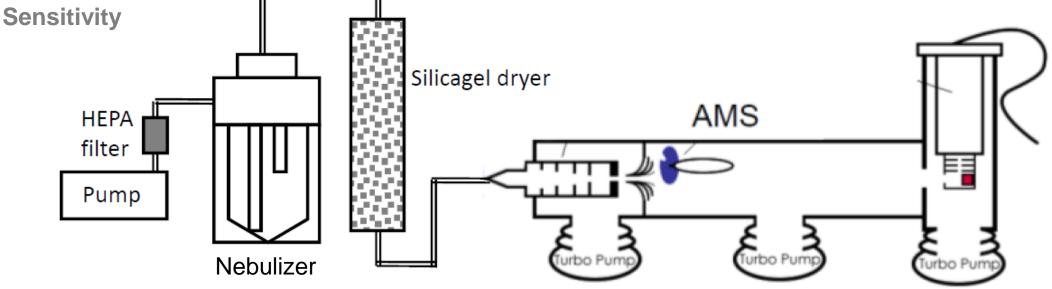
Challenges:

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Inconsistent sample extraction procedures

Qualitative analysis

Reproducibility





Method Development: Nebulizer Tests



Ultrasonic nebulizer

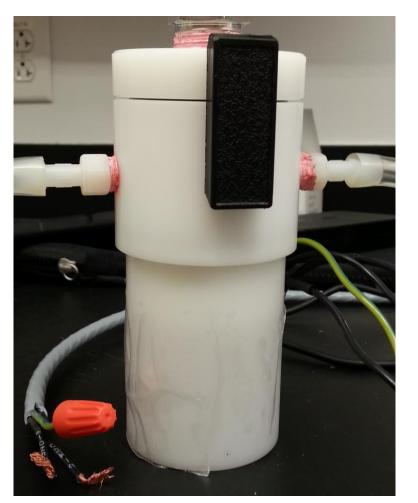
Analysis at mg level Hard to clean Difficult to setup Time resolution Reproducibility

Collison nebulizer

Easy to clean Simple setup Higher time resolution (~15 min) Reproducibility

Internal Standard

Quantitative Analysis Calibration for HR analysis Compatible with SPARTAN



Ultrasonic nebulizer (O'Brien et al., 2019)

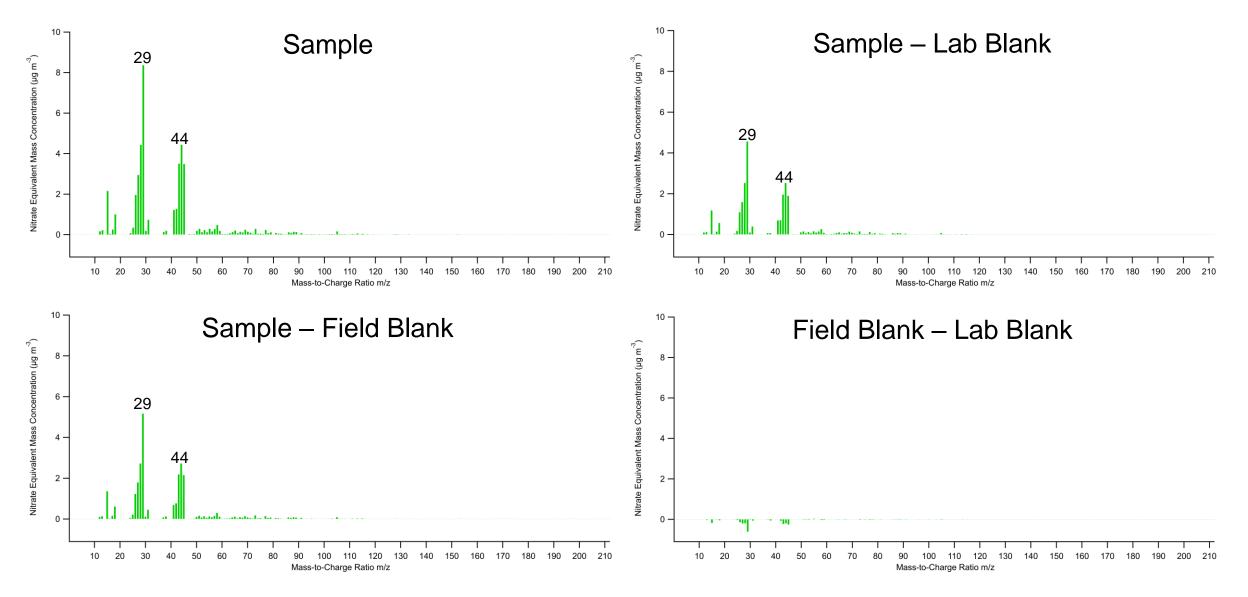


Collison nebulizer

Organic Signals from Sherbrooke, Canada



Signal fluctuation influences quantitative analysis

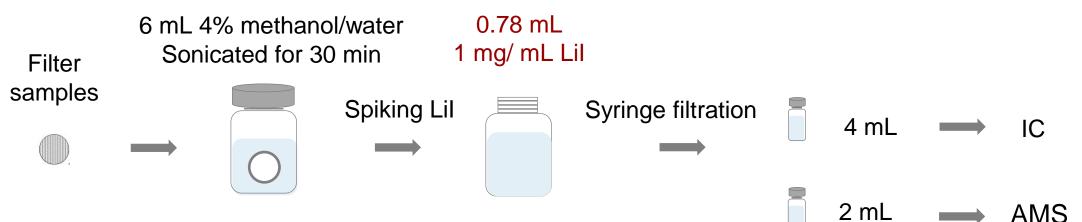


Internal Standard: Lithium Iodide (Lil)

• Trials:

Isotopically labeled ammonium nitrate (NH₄¹⁵NO₃) Ammonium iodide (NH₄I) Lithium iodide (LiI)

• Sample extract with internal standard:

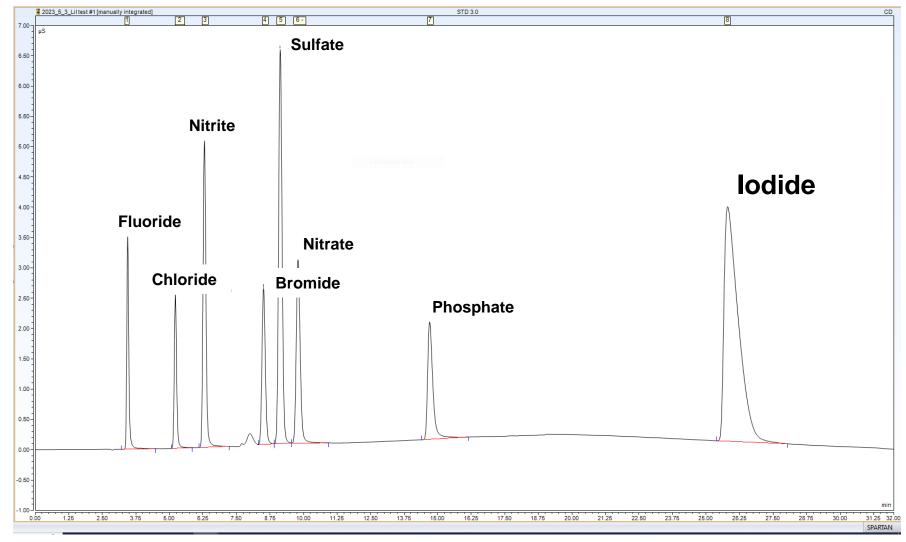


- Enables quantitative analysis
- Provides high m/z for HR analysis calibration
- Compatible with Ion Chromatography (IC) method

Modified from Surratt (UNC) and Kroll (MIT)

Internal Standard: Lithium Iodide (Lil)

- Separable from other water-soluble ions
- Reasonable retention time (< 30 min)

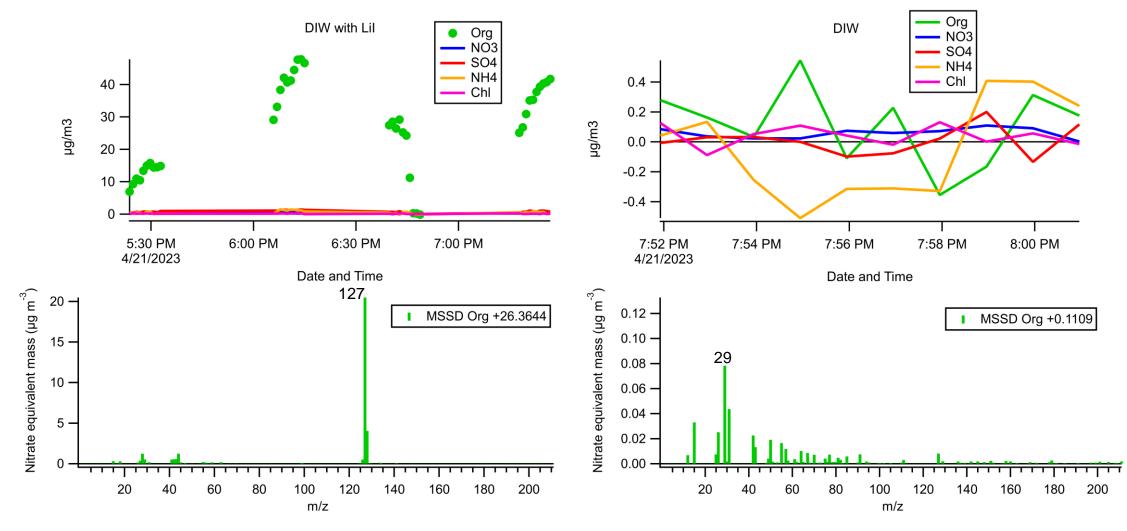


Internal Standard: Lithium Iodide (Lil)

Signal fluctuation necessitates the internal standard

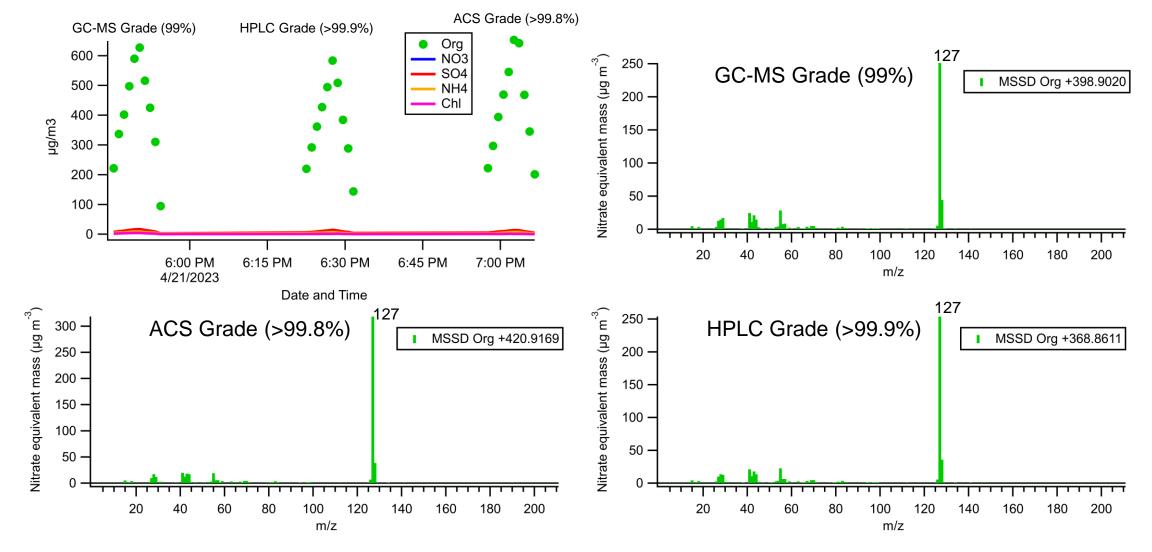
Deionized Water (DIW) spiked with Lil

Deionized Water (DIW) without spiking



Background Signal: Methanol Comparison

- Background signal comparable among different grades
- Determination of blank signal required

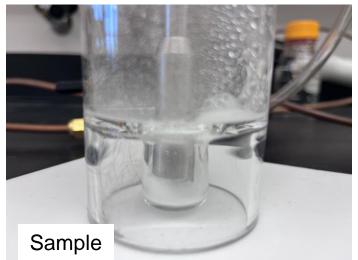


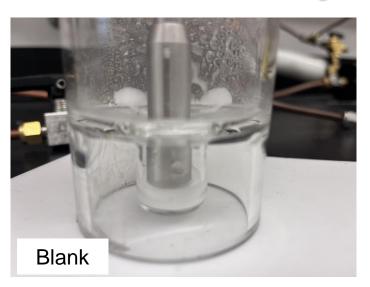
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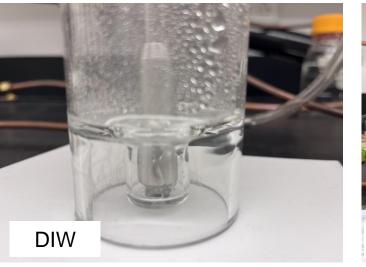


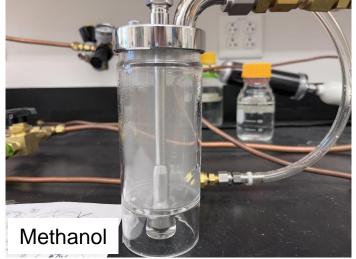
Foaming in the Nebulizer

- Observed in sample and blanks
- Not observed in DIW or methanol
- Extent of foaming is related to the relative amount of methanol in DIW
- Effect of foaming on the quantitative analysis unknown











Solvent Comparison (m/z 44 Normalized): Samples from India



Water Extract: ٠

m/z 44 Normalized Spectra Difference

High abundance of m/z 28 and 44 Indicating oxygenated organic aerosol (OOA)

Acetonitrile (ACN) Extract: ۲

> **Extracting Hydrocarbon-like organic aerosol (HOA)** (m/z 29, 43, and 57) in addition to OOA

> > 43

48

40

50

29

57

69

يتناب ويستبا وبنار والالالين

80

63 64

60

m/z

55

ACN Extract – Water Extract: ٠

1.2 -

1.0 -

0.8 -

0.6 -

0.4 -

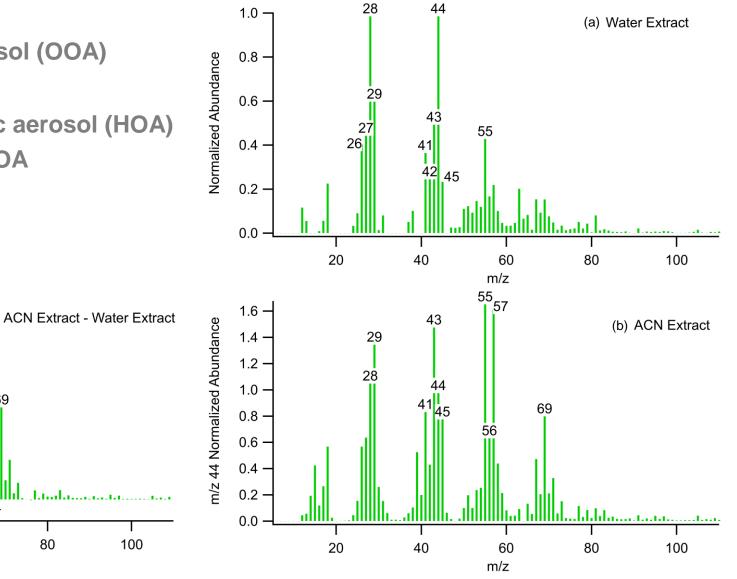
0.2 -

0.0 -

12

20

The difference looks like HOA



Summary and Future Directions

- Collison nebulizer selected for aerosol generation
- Lithium iodide (Lil) chosen as internal standard
- Internal standard: Compatibility and Quantification

- System cleaning check to determine background signal
- Effect of syringe filter during extraction
- Reproducibility test
- Analyze SPARTAN samples with organic solvent





Department of Energy, Environmental & Chemical Engineering

Thank you!

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