

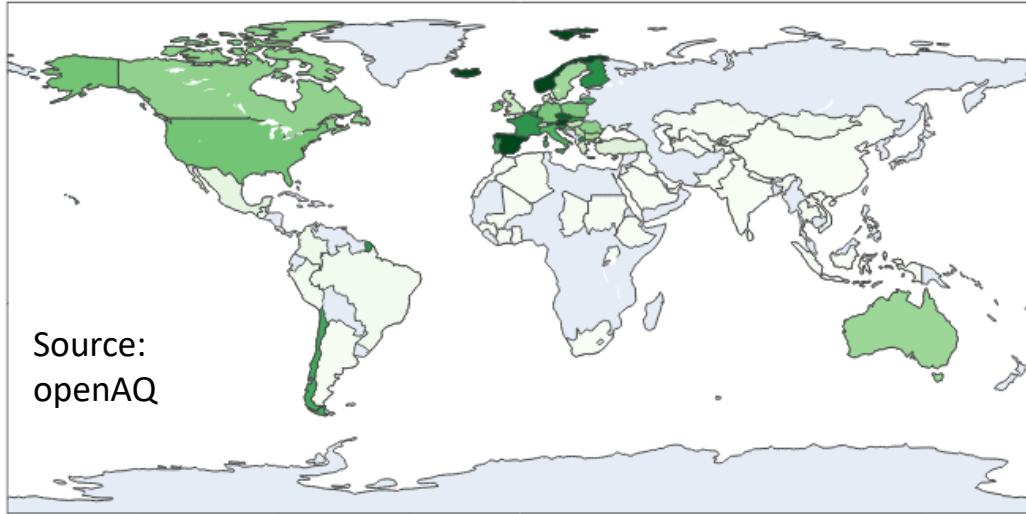
Getting useful, actionable data out of low-cost sensors: Examples from CAMS-Net and beyond

Prof. Dan Westervelt

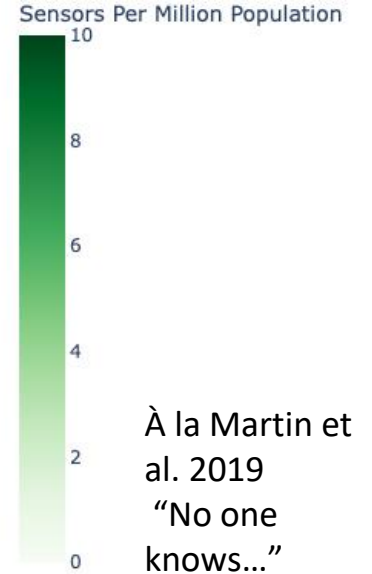
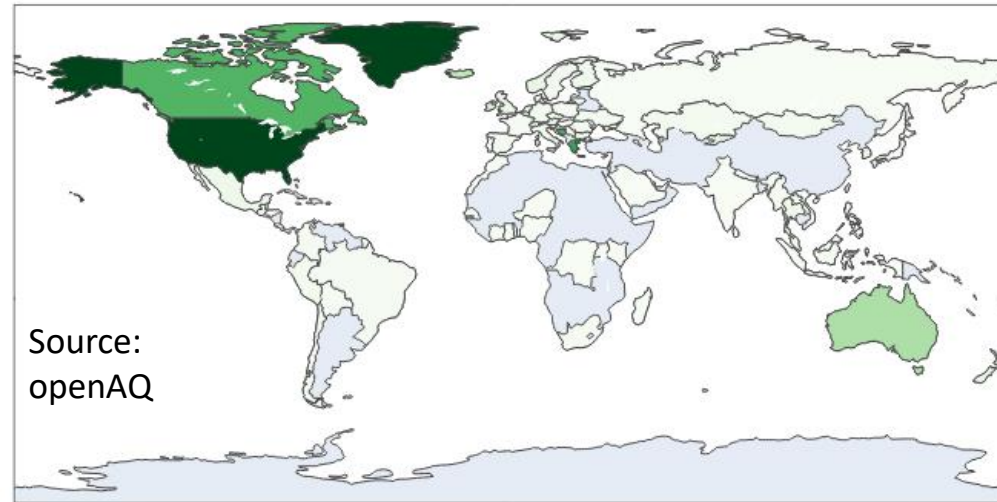
Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY | EARTH INSTITUTE

Why low cost sensors? Air quality data is sparse globally

Density of PM2.5 Reference monitors in 2023



Density of PM2.5 Low cost sensors in 2023



"Reference monitors" (FEM)



"Low cost sensors"



A global network for getting useful, actionable data out of low cost sensors

- Clean Air Monitoring and Solutions network (CAMS-Net)
- Create an international network of networks that provides a forum for exchange of knowledge, ideas, and data among scientists, decision-makers, citizen groups, the private sector, and other stakeholders towards the goal of improved usage and application of low-cost sensor (LCS) data for air quality
- Getting useful, actionable data out of LCS and exploring uses of this data for air quality modeling, satellite observations, policy recommendations, and health studies

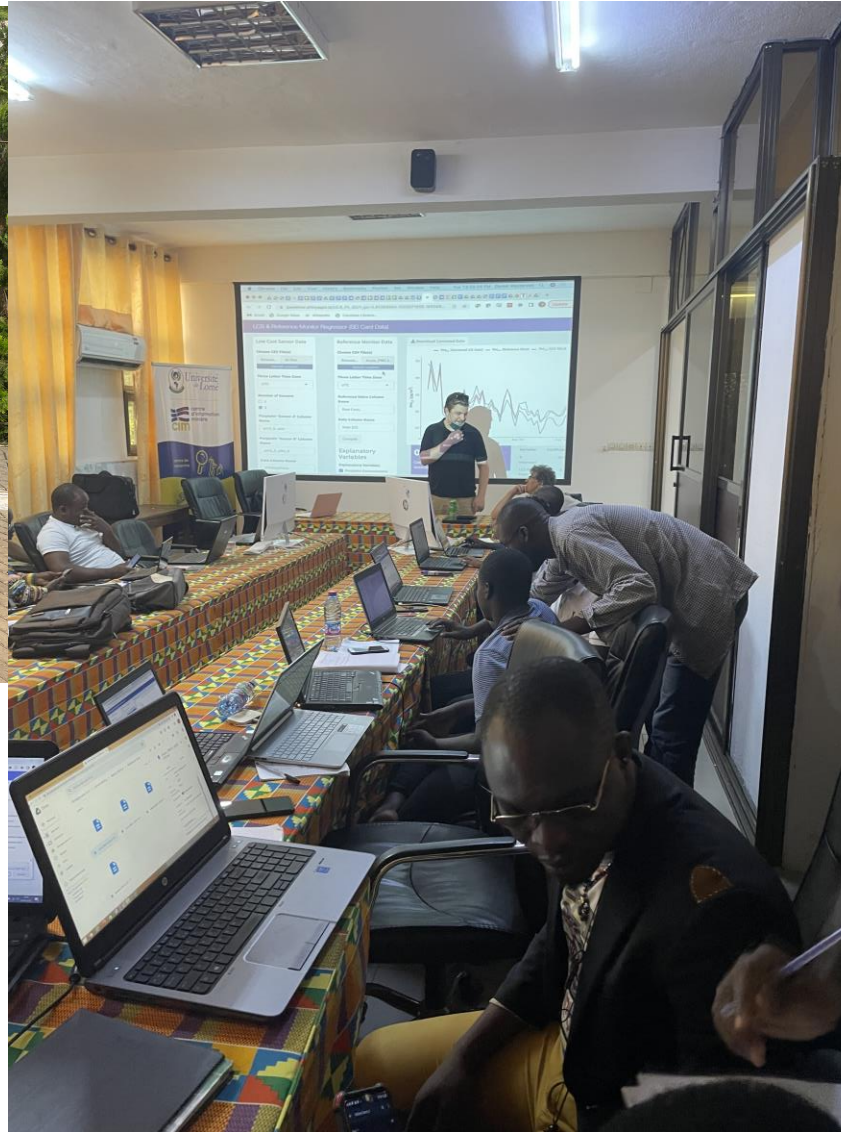


Clean Air Monitoring and Solutions Network (CAMS-Net)

- Website: www.camsnet.org
- Over 50 partner networks including universities, government agencies, non-profits, media, citizen science groups, private companies
- Global scope with emphasis on Global South, including South Asia and Africa
- >150 members



Capacity building and field work -- installation of FEM PM2.5 monitors and low cost sensors



International meetings

- May 10-13, 2022 as part of Air Sensors International Conference (ASIC)
- March 7-10, 2023, CAMS-Net + AfriqAir general meeting in Kigali, RW

Air Sensors International Conference
Pushing ahead: application and communication in science

NEW Parallel Symposium!

We are excited to announce a partnership with the Clean Air Monitoring and Solutions Network that will bring more air monitoring discussions based on their international network. This parallel symposium will take place as a daily session at the Pasadena Convention Center with all current ASIC sessions. Read the description below and submit an abstract through the portal.

Clean Air Monitoring and Solutions Network: getting useful, actionable data out of low cost sensors for air quality action

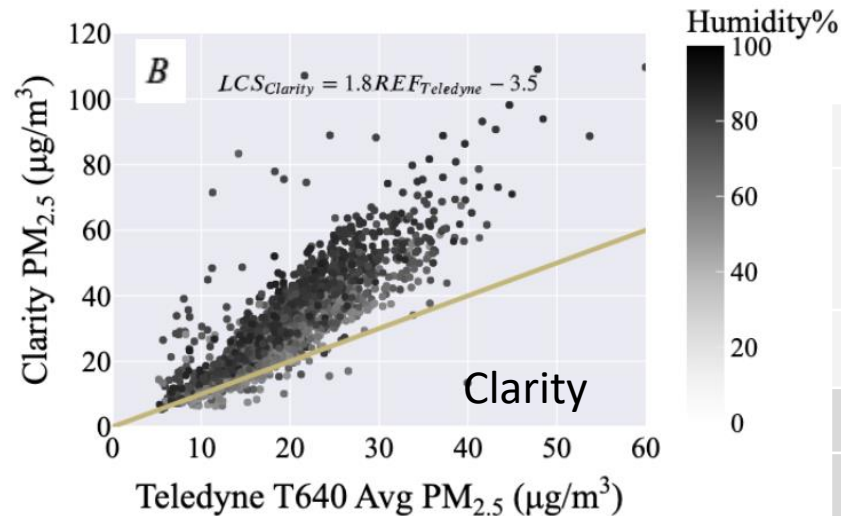
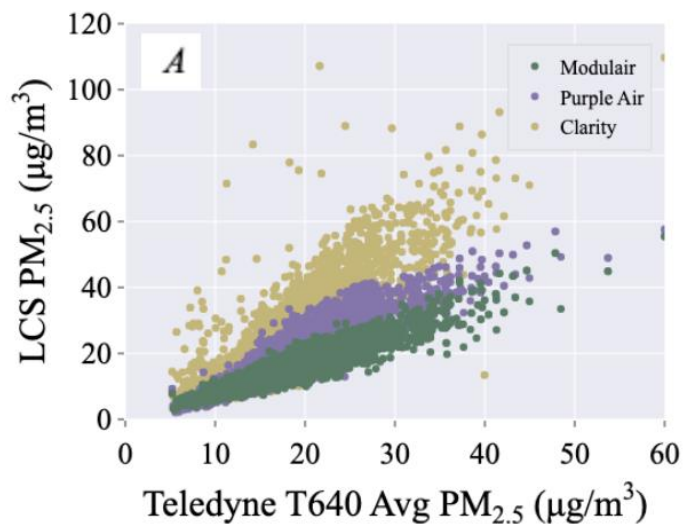


Locally led pilot projects, funded by CAMS-Net

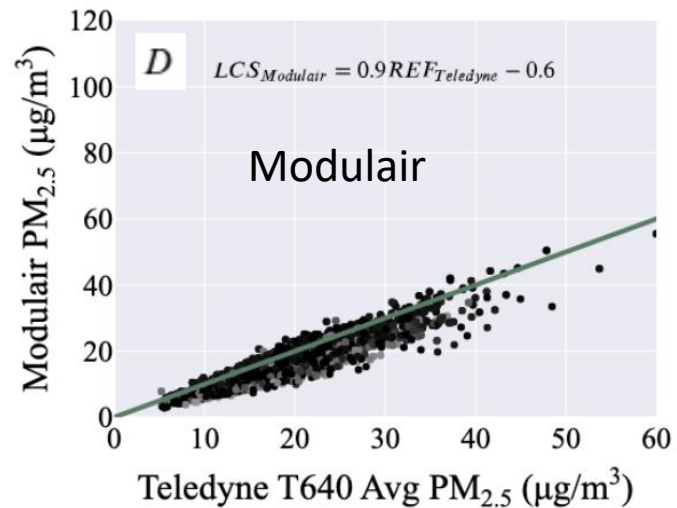
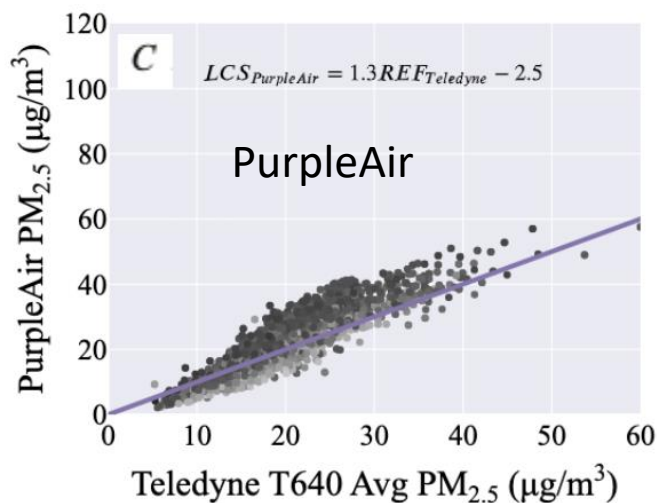
- Initiated 4 pilot projects for member networks to carry out air quality sensing project. Emphasis on forming new collaborations

Member networks	Project Title
AfriqAir, Alioune Diop University (Senegal), AirQo, University of Douala (Cameroon)	DESIGN AND TESTING OF NETWORKS OF LCS FOR AIR POLLUTANTS MONITORING IN WEST AND CENTRAL AFRICAN CITIES
Clean Air One Atmosphere, Univeristy of Ghana, Clarity, AfriqAir	Exploring the robustness of LCS for understanding the impacts of location specific agricultural practices on local air quality.
AfriqAir, AirQo, ISGlobal, Manhica Center for Health Research	Expanding air quality monitoring, capacity, and health research in Mozambique
GMET, Ghana EPA, UGhana, Clean Air one Atmosphere	Schools Air Quality Outreach

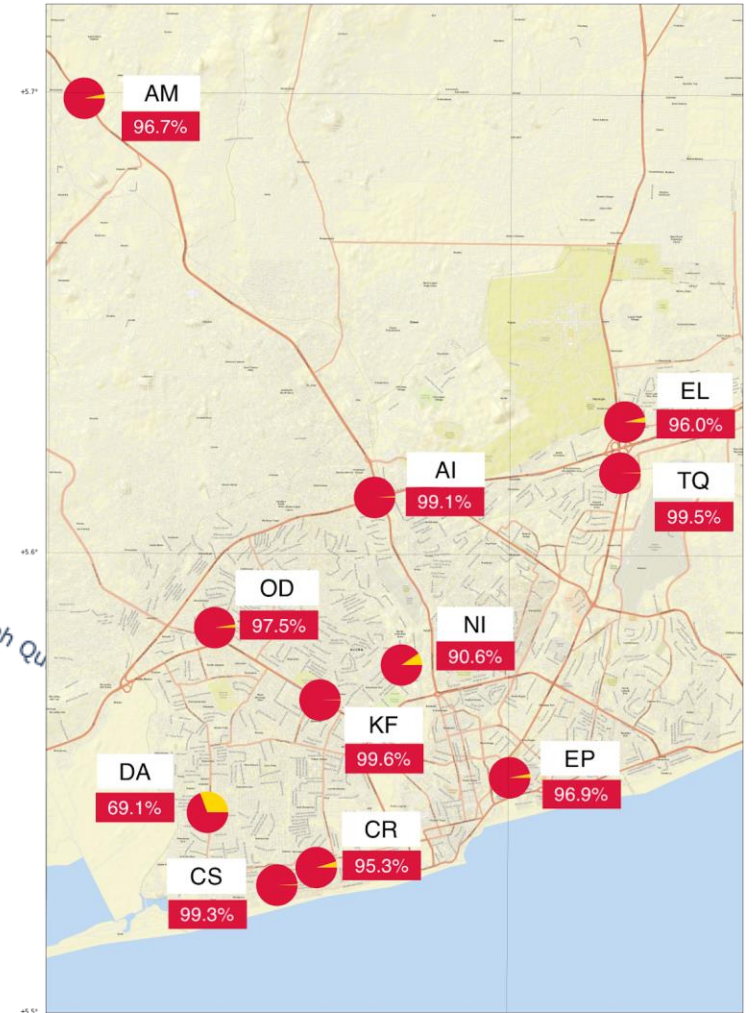
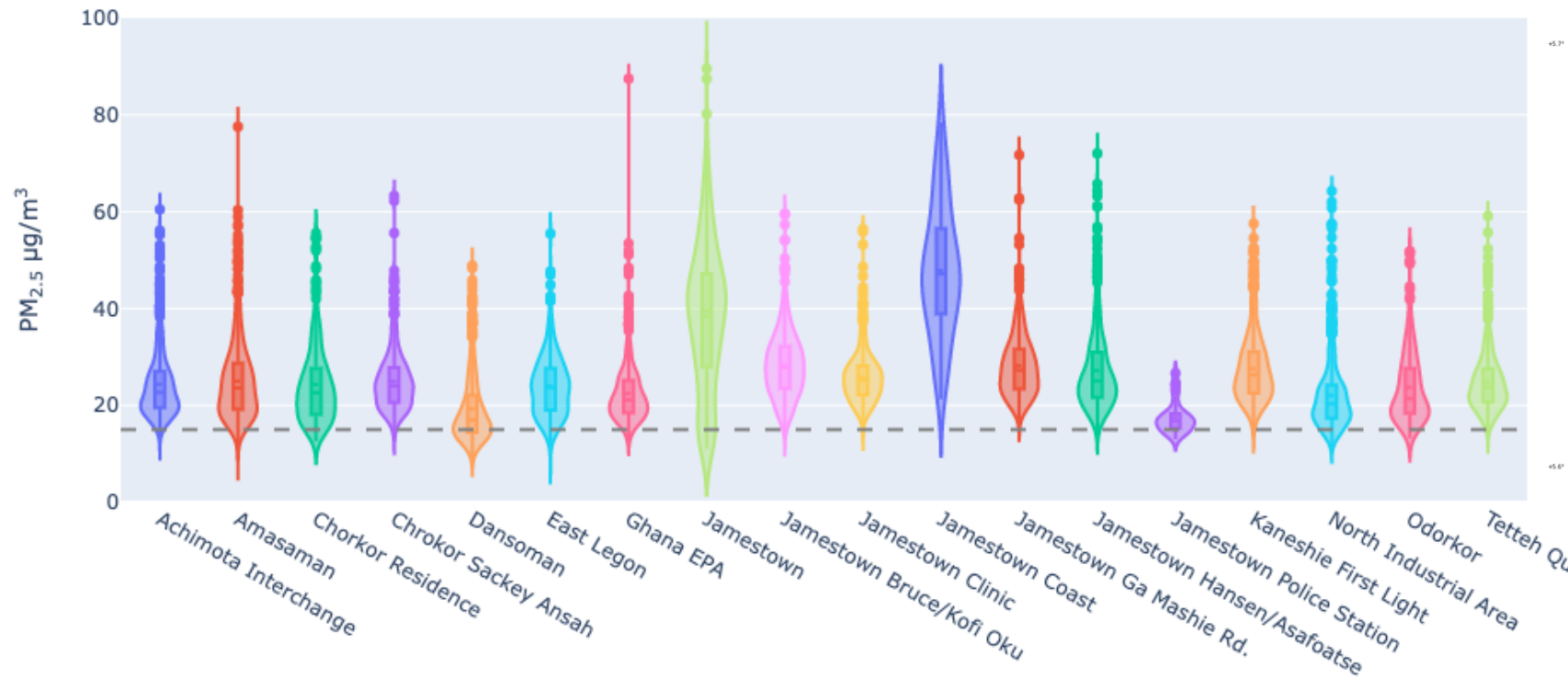
Performance between different low cost sensor vendors against FEM PM2.5



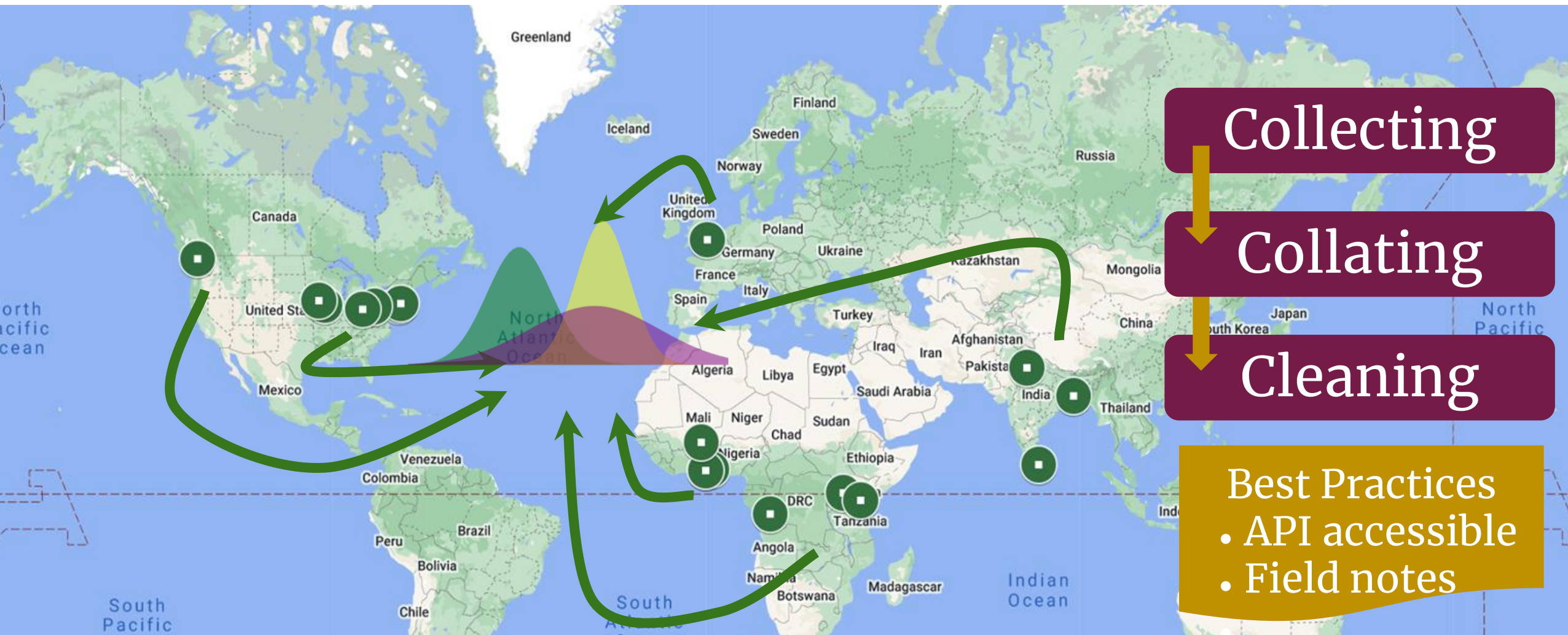
Model	Purple Air		Clarity		Modulaire	
	R^2	MAE (µg/m ³)	R^2	MAE (µg/m ³)	R^2	MAE (µg/m ³)
Manufacturer-Reported	0.82	4.54	0.69	13.68	0.84	3.04
MLR	0.87	1.96	0.74	2.49	0.86	2.15
GMR	0.89	1.76	0.79	2.27	0.87	1.89



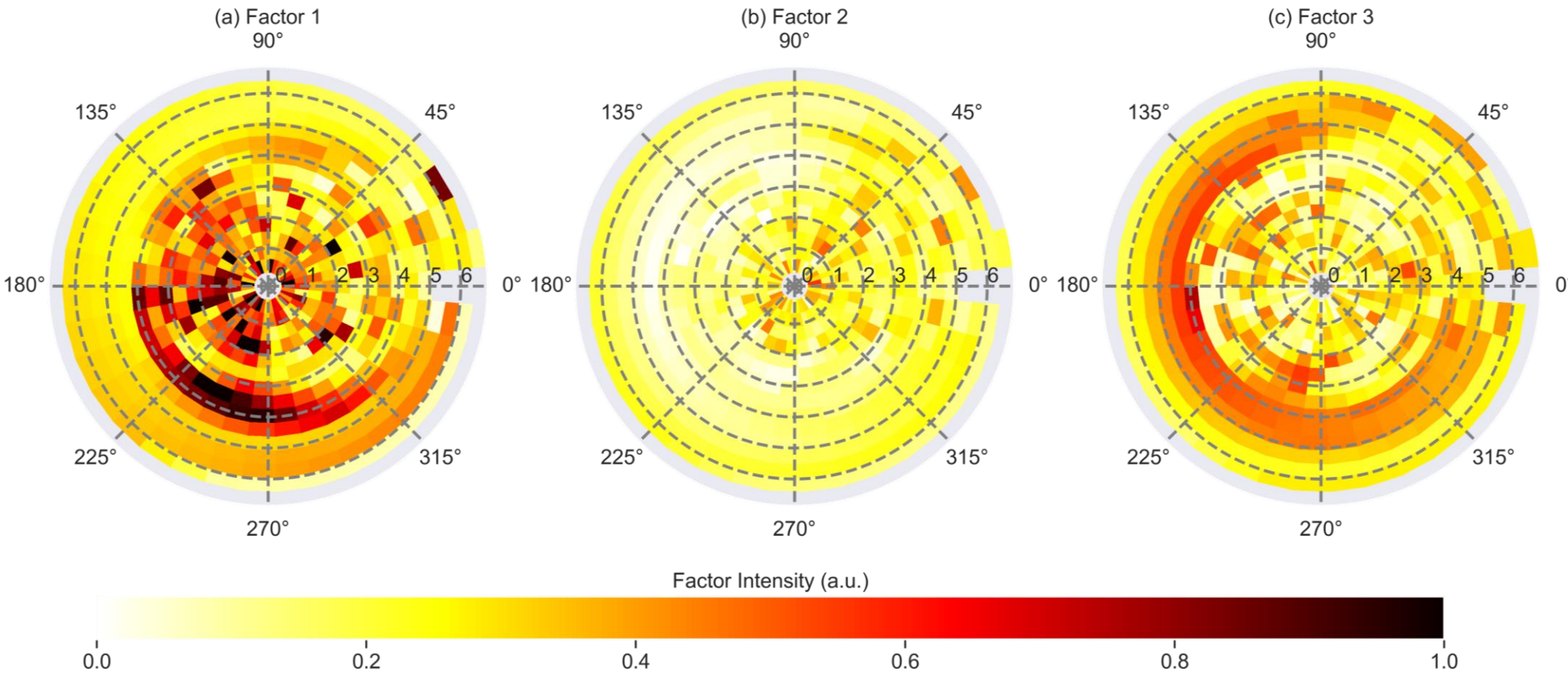
Application of the local correction factor to PM2.5 LCS networks in Accra, Ghana



Building a more widely applicable (regional, global?) LCS correction factor model



Multipollutant sensor packages may be useful for source attribution (example from Kinshasa)



Non-negative matrix factorization of PM size distribution and EC gas sensor data reveals physically interpretable factors:



- Factor 1: CO-dominated
- Factor 2: Particle-dominated
- Factor 3: NO₂-dominated

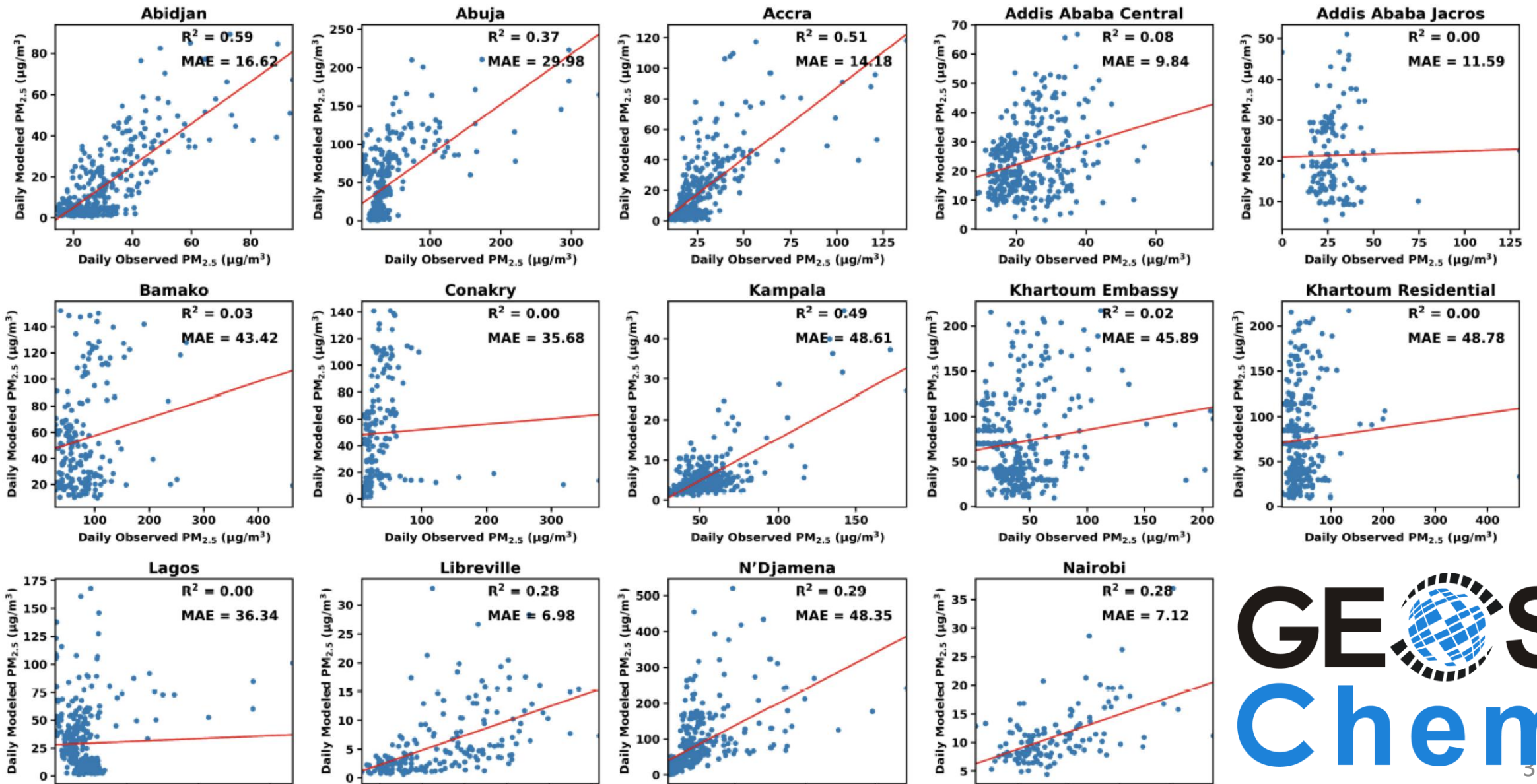
Well-calibrated low-cost sensors as model evaluation data

Air Quality Monitoring Sites in 2021

25 km x 25 km model grid

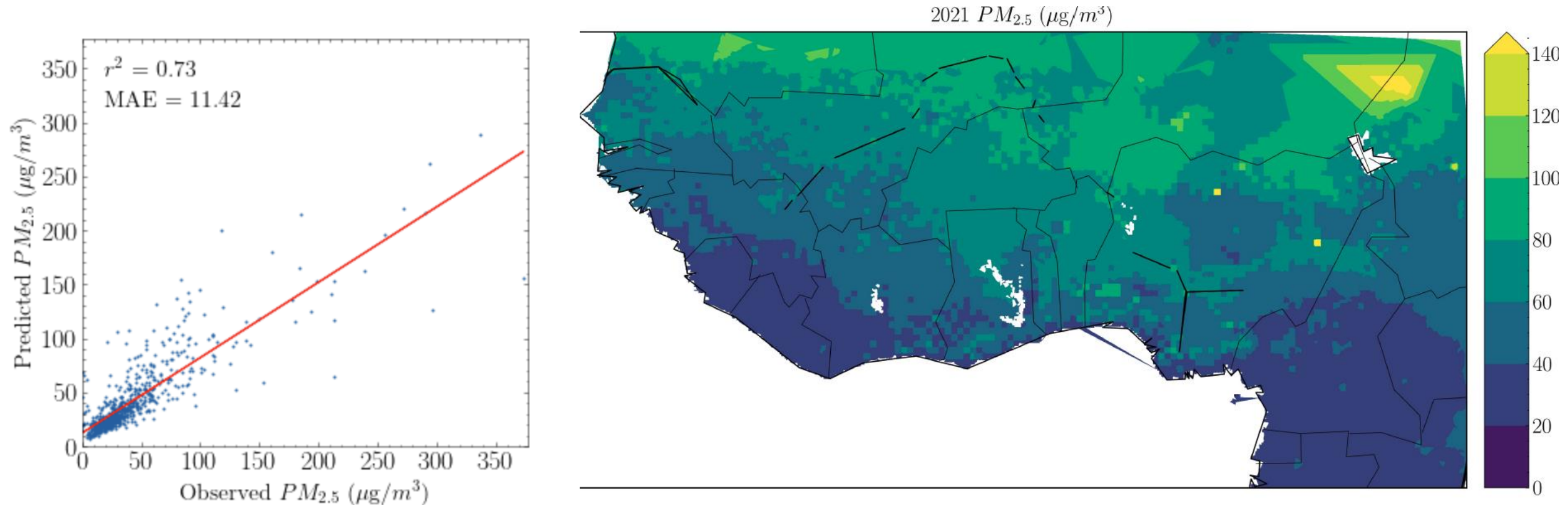
- Reference $PM_{2.5}$ monitors
- Low-cost $PM_{2.5}$ sensors
- Reference $NO_x + PM_{2.5}$ monitors
- Reference $O_3 + NO_x + PM_{2.5}$ monitors

GC mostly underpredicts observed surface PM_{2.5}



Low-cost sensors as training data for AOD-to-PM_{2.5} conversion

- XGBoost ML model
- Input: MAIAC AOD, TROPOMI NO₂, CO, HCHO, SO₂, precip, temp
- Output: PM_{2.5}
- Training + testing data: Reference and calibrated low-cost sensor data



Summary

- CAMS-Net is an international network of networks that seeks to accelerate novel research into use and application of low cost sensors
 - SPARTAN is a partner network
- Low cost sensors have useful applications in surface monitoring networks, air quality modeling, training data for satellite-derived ML surface PM_{2.5} models, others
 - Data should be well calibrated, often locally
- Synergies with SPARTAN?
 - Co-location of sensors at SPARTAN sites

Extra slides

First African School on Atmospheric Sciences

- African School on Atmospheric Science
 - November 2022 in person in Morocco at UM6P
 - CAMS-Net will provide training materials and lecturers
 - <https://asas2022.sciencesconf.org/>



Current activities: capacity building

- Capacity building for academics and decision-makers
- Example: Calibration tool and tutorial for low cost sensors

Multiple Linear Regression Tutorial

Celeste McFarlane – cmm2349@columbia.edu

This document will serve as an introduction to building multiple linear regression models between reference grade data and low-cost sensor data.

For the purpose of this tutorial, we will need the packages lubridate, tidyverse (which includes the packages dplyr, stringr, readr, purr, tibble and ggplot2), caTools and SimDesign. You can install packages by typing in the r-console `install.packages("package")`.

Loading required libraries

```
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
library(SimDesign)
library(caTools)
```

Loading and Cleaning Data

We will begin with a folder of multiple .csv files containing the purple air data. We will first set our working directory to this folder in order to load the files.

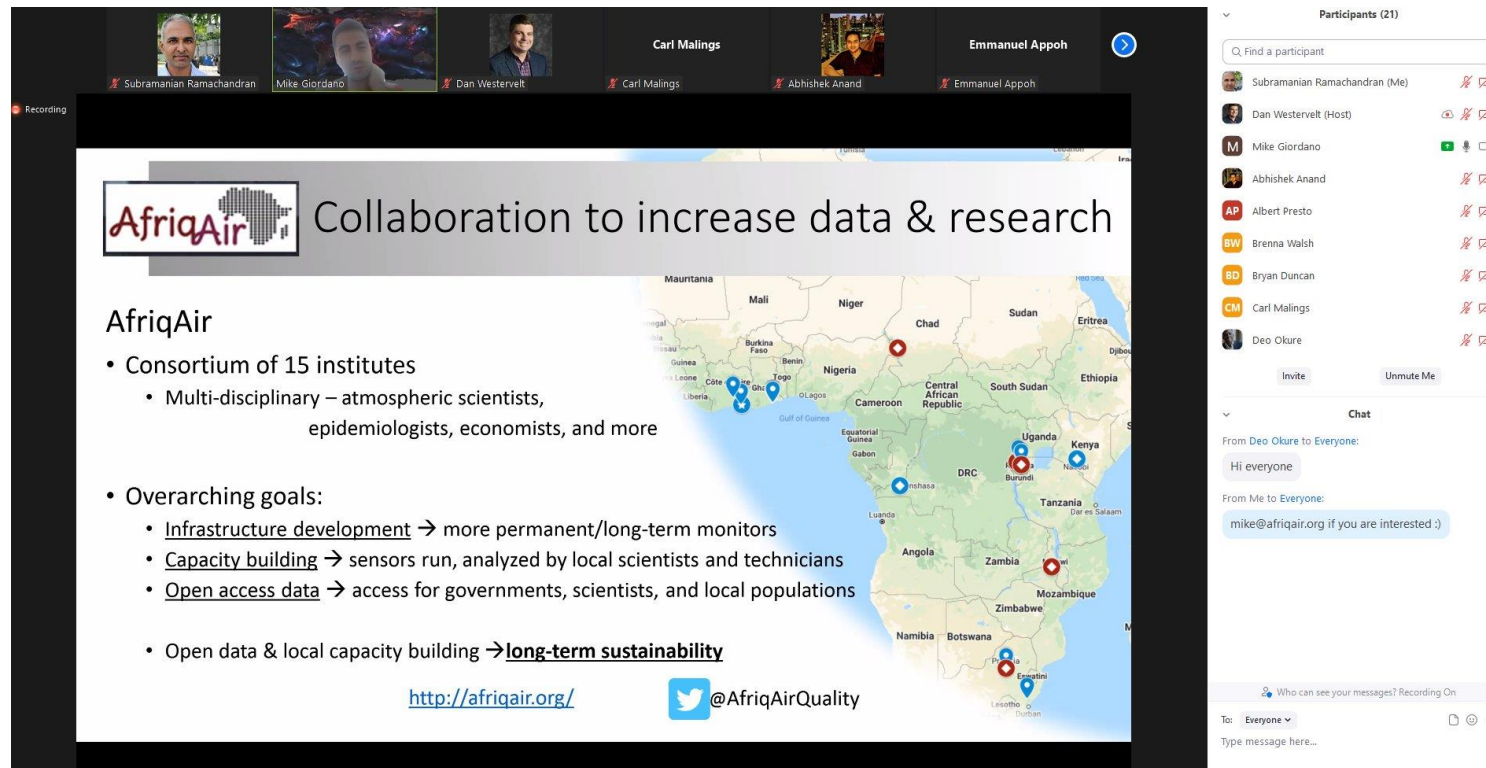
Load in Data

Both freely available as
ShinyApps (written in R)

The screenshot shows a Shiny calibration tool interface with two main panels: 'Low Cost Sensor Data' and 'Reference Monitor Data'. Both panels have a 'Choose CSV File(s)' section with a 'Browse...' button and a 'No file selected' status. Below this is a 'Three Letter Time Zone' dropdown menu set to 'UTC'. The 'Low Cost Sensor Data' panel has a 'Number of Sensors' section with radio buttons for 1 and 2 (2 is selected), and three input fields for 'PurpleAir Sensor A Column Name' (pm2_5_atm), 'PurpleAir Sensor B Column Name' (pm2_5_atm_b), and 'Date Column Name' (UTCDateTime). The 'Reference Monitor Data' panel has a 'Reference Value Column Name' input field (Raw Conc.), a 'Date Column Name' input field (Date (LT)), and a 'Compile' button. At the bottom of the interface is an 'Explanatory Variables' section with checkboxes for 'PurpleAir Concentration', 'Temperature', 'Relative Humidity', and 'Dew Point', and an 'Analyze' button.

Current activities: networking

- "Meet the Networks" series: monthly (or biweekly) events introducing networks to one another



The screenshot shows a Zoom meeting interface. At the top, there are video thumbnails for participants: Subramanian Ramachandran, Mike Giordano, Dan Westervelt, Carl Malings, Abhishek Anand, and Emmanuel Appoh. The main content area displays a presentation slide with the AfriqAir logo and the title "Collaboration to increase data & research". The slide lists the following information:

AfriqAir

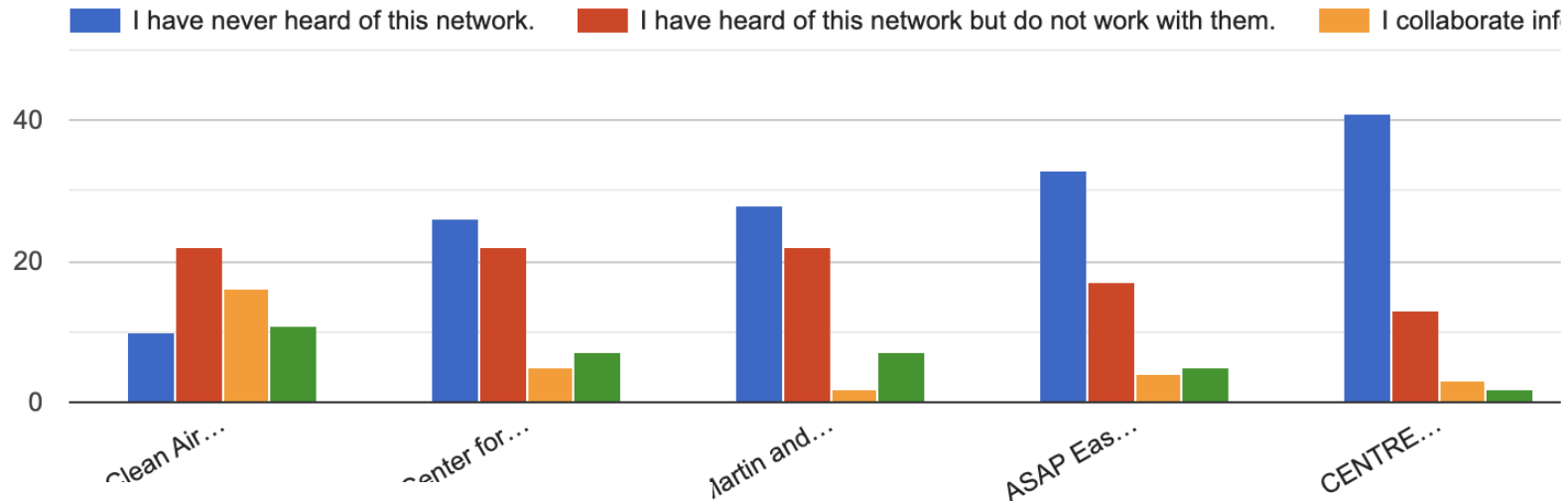
- Consortium of 15 institutes
 - Multi-disciplinary – atmospheric scientists, epidemiologists, economists, and more
- Overarching goals:
 - Infrastructure development → more permanent/long-term monitors
 - Capacity building → sensors run, analyzed by local scientists and technicians
 - Open access data → access for governments, scientists, and local populations
- Open data & local capacity building → long-term sustainability

At the bottom of the slide, there is a URL <http://afriqair.org/> and a Twitter handle [@AfriqAirQuality](https://twitter.com/AfriqAirQuality). A map of Africa is visible in the background of the slide, with several blue location pins.

On the right side of the screenshot, a chat window is open. It shows a list of 21 participants. The chat history includes a message from Deo Okure to everyone: "Hi everyone" and a message from Mike Giordano to everyone: "mike@afriqair.org if you are interested :)".

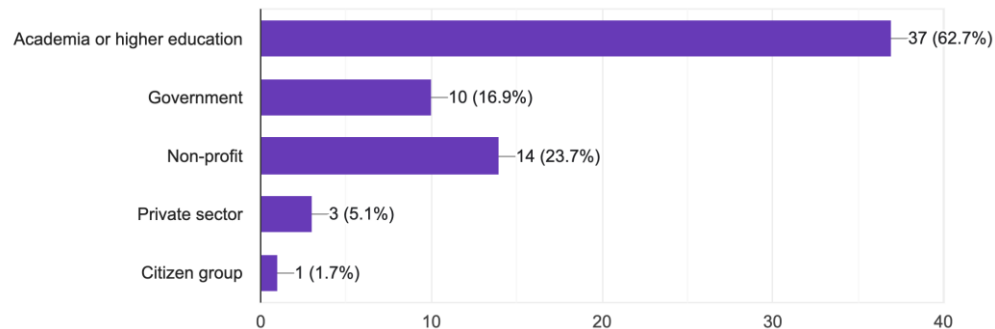
Surveys

Please select which of the following statements best describes your relationship with each partner network within CAMS-Net.



Which sector do you work in?

59 responses



Are you an early career scientist? (student or within 7 years of terminal degree)

59 responses

